

DIDSBURY PIONEER

VOL XVI

DIDSBURY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7th, 1918

No. 32

Big Gains by Allies Germans Still Retreating

On Wednesday last it seemed as though the big allied offensive had quietened down but this was misleading, it was only a breathing spell and the Allies started in again and have kept the Germans going and have advanced their lines ever since.

On Friday reports stated that a big Allied victory had been gained and the Germans were reported as fleeing precipitately northward.

Saturday the Allies had retaken Soissons and the valley of the Crise had been crossed and the German defense line had been indented so badly that the Crown Prince had to move his armies. The Allies captured several towns and advanced two to three miles. The German offensive has failed as badly as that of 1914.

Tuesday saw no change of any account in the big drive and the Germans are making strong opposition to the further advance of the

Allies along the Vesle river from the east of Soissons to west of Reims. The advance has slowed down on account of very bad weather conditions, the rain turning the ground into regular quagmires which makes it very difficult for bringing up the implements of battle to their proper place.

Allied troops including Americans landed at Archangle last week and were received by the population of that port with cheers. They will assist the Czechoslovaks against the Bolsheviks who have already been defeated in several places in Russia.

Substitutes for Wheat Flour

Bakers, confectioners, public eating places and private households must use one pound of substitutes to every nine pounds of wheat flour until further notice according to the Canada Food Board's order issued July 13th. The order which was to have gone into effect on July 15th increasing this proportion of substitutes in Eastern Canada has been deferred until further notice, owing to the limited supplies of substitutes for wheat flour at present available in Canada.

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CASH for Butter, Eggs, and Hides

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Town Property will come to look
over our district

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WE WILL DO THE REST!

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MONTREAL, and

The Didsbury Pioneer

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Present subscribers to THE DIDSBURY PIONEER may have The Family Herald for the same period for Forty cents.

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THE DIDSBURY PIONEER

Devonshire.

[L.S.]



CANADA.

PROCLAMATION

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come or whom the same may in any wise concern,—GREETING :

A Proclamation of conditional amnesty respecting men belonging to Class 1 under the Military Service Act, 1917, who have disobeyed our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, or their orders to report for duty, or are deserters or absent without leave from the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, } WHEREAS considerable numbers of men belonging to Class I under our Military Service Act, 1917, called out on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada under Our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, although they have thus become by law soldiers enlisted in the Military Service of Canada.

Have failed to report for duty as lawfully required of them under the said Military Service Act and the regulations thereunder, including the Order in Council duly passed on April 20 last.

Or have deserted.

Or absented themselves without leave from our Canadian Expeditionary Force.

And it is represented that the very serious and unfortunate situation in which these men find themselves is due in many cases to the fact that, notwithstanding the information and warning contained in Our Proclamation aforesaid, they have misunderstood their duty or obligation, or have been misled by the advice of ill-disposed, disloyal or seditious persons.

AND WHEREAS we desire, if possible, to avoid the infliction of the heavy penalties which the law imposes for the offences of which these soldiers have thus been guilty, and to afford them an opportunity within a limited time to report and make their services available in Our Canadian Expeditionary Force as is by law their bounden duty, and as is necessary for the defence of Our Dominion of Canada.

NOW KNOW YE that we in the exercise of Our powers, and of Our good will and pleasure in that behalf, do hereby proclaim and declare and cause to be published and made known THAT THE PENALTIES OF THE LAW WILL NOT BE IMPOSED OR EXACTED as against the men who belong to Class 1 under Our Military Service Act, 1917, and who have disobeyed Our Proclamation aforesaid; or who have received notice from any of Our registrars or deputy registrars to report for duty on a day now past and have failed so to report; or who, having reported and obtained leave of absence, have failed to report at the expiry of their leave, or have become deserters from Our Expeditionary Force, PROVIDED THEY REPORT FOR DUTY ON OR BEFORE THE TWENTY FOURTH DAY OF AUGUST 1918.

AND WE DO HEREBY STRICTLY WARN AND SOLEMNLY IMPRESS UPON ALL SUCH MEN, and as well those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist them in their disobedience, that, if they persist in their failure to report, absence or desertion until the expiry of the last mentioned day, they will be pursued and punished with all the rigour and severity of the law. SUBJECT TO THE JUDGMENT OF OUR COURTS MARTIAL WHICH WILL BE CONVENED TO TRY SUCH CASES or other competent tribunals; and also that those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist such men will be held strictly accountable as offenders and subject to the pains, penalties and forfeitures in that behalf by law provided for their said offence.

Provided however that nothing contained in this Our Proclamation is intended to release the men aforesaid from their obligation to report for duty as soon as possible or to grant them immunity from arrest or detention in the meantime for the purpose of compelling them to perform their military duty; Our intention being merely to forego or remit the penalties heretofore incurred for failure to report, absence without leave or desertion incurred by those men of the description aforesaid who shall be in the proper discharge of their military duties on or before the said twenty-fourth day of August, 1918.

Of all of which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness: Our Right Trusty and Faithful Privy Counsellor and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardy, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter, One of Our Most Honourable Privy Counsellors, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this FIRST day of AUGUST, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the ninth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

Thomas Mulvey

Under-Secretary of State

The Murderers Still Keep Up Their Dastardly Work

ANOTHER HOSPITAL SHIP
SUNK AND FROM 105 TO
130 LOSE THEIR LIVES

The Huns still persist in their devilish work of sinking hospital ships. The British hospital ship Warilda was sunk by a torpedo on Saturday last near a British port.

This was one of the most harrowing disasters in the history of the hellish submarine campaign, from 105 to 130 wounded men, nurses and members of the crew being killed or drowned. There were 650 survivors brought ashore. More than 1000 patients in a ward room were killed outright by the explosion.

Stories of fearful struggles in the darkness to rescue the wounded and others in the dark were told.

The Warilda has been in the channel service for two years and

this trip was the first one in which she did not carry a number of German wounded. Sinister opinions are being expressed over this fact.

A Newspaper Bargain Midsummer Special

The Didsbury Pioneer is in a position to offer residents in this district a real bargain in the way of newspapers. We have concluded an arrangement with The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal by which we can offer that great Weekly and The Didsbury Pioneer until January 1st, 1919 for the small sum of \$1.00.

The Family Herald publishers are offering one hundred dollars in prizes for the best suggestions to improve that paper and the offer is open to all its readers. Orders for the two papers may be left at this office.

BUSINESS LOCALS

5C A LINE IN ADVANCE IN THIS COLUMN

No advertisement taken for less than 25c. LETTUCE for sale at McColl's.

FOR SALE—Eight young pigs 6 weeks old. J. H. Anderson, mail man, phone 33. 2p32

FOR SALE—10 young pigs 7 weeks old, also several brood sows. A. A. Van Wyk, phone 7405. 2p31

FOR SALE—A McLaughlin car for sale or trade for stock. J. E. McPherson, 3 miles south of Neapolis. Didsbury P. O. 2p31

FOR SALE—35 pigs 5 weeks old. Phone R2104. 2c32

FOR SALE—A good registered Shorthorn bull, fit for service. Apply Abe Snyder, Didsbury. 2c27

Dr. M. Mecklenburg, the old reliable graduate, long experienced and well established Optician, will again be at the Rosebud hotel, Saturday, AUGUST 31st; also at Olds, Victoria Hotel, Friday, AUGUST 30th. Do not fail to see him.

Motor—4-cylinder, 33.4 in.
bore, by 5.1-2 in. stroke
protected overhead val-
ves.
Horsepower—12 at draw-
bar, 20 at belt pulley.
Length—96 inches.
Width—50 inches.
Height—52 inches.
Weight—Less than 3,200
pounds.
Turning Circle—12 feet.
Track—Length (each side)
50 inches, width 65.8
inches.
Traction Surface—More
than 600 square inches.
Centre to centre of tracks
38 inches.
Clearance—12 inches.
Belt Pulley—Diameter 8
inches, face 6 inches.
Suspension—Three-point.

The Didsbury Pioneer

H. E. OSMOND, Prop.

Subscription: \$1.50 per year
U. S. Points: \$2.00 per year

Some Interesting Canadian War Statistics

The total men enlisted since the beginning of the war who have actually gone overseas is as follows:

Before 31st December, 1914 30,999
Calendar year, 1915..... 81,334
Calendar year, 1916.....165,553
Calendar year, 1917..... 63,536
1st Jan. to 30th June, 1918 39,101

Total 385,523

Of the foregoing 26,527 were recruited by the Military Service Act. Total men enlisted in Canada 552,601.

The total casualties up to June 30th, 1918 were as follows:

Killed in action..... 27,040
Died of wounds..... 9,280
Wounded.....113,007
Died of Disease..... 2,259
Prisoners of war..... 2,774
Presumed dead..... 4,342
Missing..... 384

Total 159,084

By periods the casualties were:

From beginning to Decem-
ber 31st, 1915.....14,495
Calendar year, 1916.....56,536
Calendar year, 1917.....74,648
1st Jan. to 30th June, 1918..14,043

Between 30,000 40,000 wounded and sick men have been returned to France for further service and between 50,000 and 60,000 returned to Canada either wounded or medically unfit or otherwise unavailable.

The battle honors won by Canadian soldiers are as follows:

Distinguished Service Order, 413;
Bar to Distinguished Service Order, 14; Military Cross, 1,368; Bar to Military Cross, 59; mentioned in dispatches, 1547; Royal Red Cross, 1st class, 30; Royal Red Cross, 2nd class, 101. Other medals for which figures are not available are Victoria Cross, Distinguished Conduct Medal and Military Medal.

The value of orders placed by the Imperial Government through the Imperial Munitions Board in Canada for the production of munitions, ships, aeroplanes, etc., amounts to \$1,160,000,000. Actual cash disbursements have exceeded \$950,000,000; 950 manufacturers received contracts; 400 manufacturers are now in active contract relations with the board. These contracts extend from St. Johns, Nfld. in the east to Victoria, B. C. in the west, and were placed in every province of the

Dominion with the exception of Prince Edward Island.

Upwards of 56,000,000 shells have been produced; 60,000,000 copper bands; 45,000,000 cartridge cases; 28,000,000 fuses; 70,000,000 lbs. of powder; 50,000,000 lbs. of high explosives; 90 ships built, or under construction, aggregating 375,000 tons; 2,700 aeroplanes have been produced.

Need of Harvest Labor From Towns and Cities

A late report from the Canada Food Board on the shortage of help for the approaching harvest affords information as follows:

The reports as to the harvest in Canada this fall are conflicting, but it is clear that there will be need for harvest labor from the towns and cities in all the provinces. In view of the dependence of the Mother Country and Allied Europe upon Canada and the United States for food stuffs, it is to be hoped that every Canadian will consider what are the essential industries, and whether the work that each as an individual is now doing is of such supreme importance as to predominate over the vital national duty of producing food stuffs. This duty now concentrates upon the necessity of saving the harvest of 1918. What is the reader himself, or herself, going to do about it?

Allied Europe at the beginning of this year was said to have been short 500,000,000 bushels of wheat and over 100,000,000 head of live stock. What figures like these mean may be seen by contrasting the figures of Canada's 1917 wheat crop, the total of which was 233,742,150. The total importations into Allied countries of the crops of 1916-17, (ending March 31st) was 570,000,000 bushels. From last year's crop the United States had very little wheat for export and her surplus, above normal consumption, was exhausted in December 1917.

What about the crop of 1918? The Allies are still dependent upon North America for very large supplies of essential food stuffs and it is important that no part of this year's harvest be lost because of labor shortage. The new harvest is now the one supreme crisis at the door of every non-combatant in the Dominion of Canada. Substitutes for wheat have to be produced in the non-wheat producing fields of the eastern provinces. Feed for live stock is one of the great concerns of the east. The dairy industry must be carried on to its full extent. We must ship our wheat and live as practicable on substitutes. With our scattered population we cannot possibly produce all the wheat that is required in spite of the vast

wheat-producing possibilities of the west.

The labor supply of Canada has been depleted to the extent of nearly half a million men by the army, and further by the war industries. Farmers, themselves, have been obliged by military necessities to forsake the furrow for the trenches. Those that remain have partially to depend on assistance from the towns and cities to save the coming harvest. Those who promised to help in this work of national necessity by going upon the land, or taking the place of someone else who is better able to do so, should take their promises on the registration card literally, arrange their affairs and do what they said they were willing to do.

Disabled Returned Soldiers Being Taught New Trades

Over a thousand courses of re-education for returned soldiers so disabled that they cannot resume their pre-war occupations were approved during the month of May. The table of statistics prepared by the Vocational Branch of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment shows that on June 1st 4876 men had been granted courses while the figure for May 1st was 3861. The number of courses in progress on the latter date was 2077, of whom 2038 were discharged men. The number of men who have completed their courses and gone out into employment was increased from 351 to 481, a total of 130 during the month.

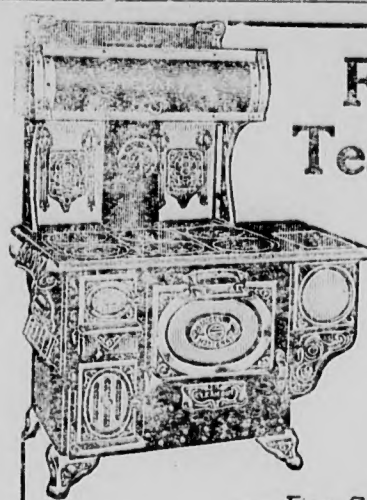
The number of men who have refused to accept courses of training granted them is 263. In addition 323 men have discontinued their courses after beginning. There are, therefore, at the present time 996 men who have not yet commenced training, chiefly because their health has not reached the point where they can be discharged from the army.

The number of men attending the occupational therapy classes, conducted in the military hospitals by the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment, increased slightly during the past month, the enrollment in the classes now being 1699. This does not include the ward occupations such as basketry, embroidery, weaving, etc., which are conducted at the patients' bedside. Another activity of the department is represented in evening classes of instruction for discharged men. There are at present 55 attending these classes.

Women on the Land

The women on the land at present number hundreds of thousands, without counting farmerettes. The farmers' wives and the farmers' daughters have been hard at work all year; their day is never ended, milking, feeding poultry and pigs, butter making, handling eggs for market, etc. Their chores are innumerable and in addition to that they have their own kitchens, their own households and their own family tasks, cares and responsibilities. At harvest time they have the additional burden of preparing meals for the harvest hands. There is plenty of room for war service on the part of town girls who want to help in the war in volunteering to help farmers' wives on the neighboring farms during the harvest rush. This would release the farmers' wife from her household duties and add her effective labor for outside work in aid of her husband who will be hard put to it to get in his crops this season. Helping the farmer's wife this year is just as important as any other war work that women can take up.

U. S. Secretary of War Baker will now recommend that the draft ages will be from 18 to 45 years.



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When you buy a range why not have the Kootenay?—tested four ways for:

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Economy of fuel
Durability
Best results.

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McClary's

Kootenay Range

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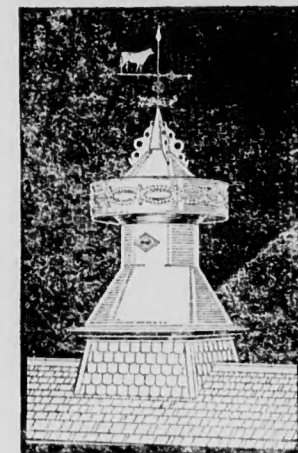
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Edmonton
Rooms from \$1.00
EUROPEAN PLAN

In connection with the Hotel we re-opened June 1st the
Finest Restaurant

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Visitors should not miss seeing it.

ROBT. McDONALD
PROPRIETOR



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THE
King Aerator and Ventilating Systems for Barns

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OFFICE:
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including new tile floor in lobby

100 ROOMS
Running Hot and Cold Water
Many with Private Baths

DINING ROOM SERVICE
as unequalled as ever. Private
Dining Room for Parties

CENTRALLY LOCATED
near department stores and theatres

EUROPEAN PLAN
\$1.00 TO \$2.00

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If Interested Address
Canadian Pacific Railway Co.
Department of Natural Resources

ALLAN CAMERON
General Supt. of Lands, Calgary
FRANK HENDERSON
Agent for Central Alberta, Olds

STRAYED

From Sec. 8, Tp. 32, Rge. 1, W. 5th Mer., black Percheron filly 3 years old, and very dark grey Percheron filly aged one year old; no brands. \$5.00 reward will be paid for each animal. Write C. Deadrick, Olds, or phone 207, Didsbury. 3-32

STRAYED

Strayed from Sec. 1-31-28 bay horse, no brand, also grey horse branded A right shoulder. Finder phone 516. 3-31

STRAYED

Strayed on to Sec. 4-31-27 W. 4th Mer. black colt, white stripe on face, branded on right hip. Owner pay expenses and claim property. 3-31

Can All You Can

be used so that quantities would perish. All surplus vegetables over immediate requirements should be canned, dried, and stored away, for winter will follow a season of plenty and all the world will be short of food.

\$25,000 Spent by Pioneer Customers Every Month

Put a factory in Didsbury having a payroll of \$25,000 monthly and see how you would cater to the wants of the employees. But as you know the men who are living around you, you think they owe you a debt and should patronize you just because it is you. Don't be misled into believing any such thing.

The person who has the money today will buy at any place and you must form yourself up in battle formation, use the 20th century weapon to capture the business that is slipping through your fingers—ADVERTISE!

PIONEER Advertising is inexpensive in cost but very effective in results. Your lost business will pay for any space you buy many times over.

Call at THE PIONEER Office now. Ask us for rates and ideas for your advertisement. IT'S FREE.

The DIDSBURY PIONEER

SUPREME ALLIED WAR COUNCIL IS CONFIDENT OF ULTIMATE SUCCESS

ALLIED ARMIES DISPLAY STEADFAST COURAGE

Are Resolute In the Determination Not To Sacrifice a Single One
Of the Free Nations Of the World To the Despotie
Rule of Kaiserism

The supreme war council, which has had under advisement the entire war situation, has expressed in an official statement made public, full confidence in the outcome of the war with the aid of the American forces. Complete confidence in General Foch is also expressed, and thanks are extended to President Wilson for his co-operation in the the United States can bring its full American troops.

"The supreme war council held its sixth session under circumstances of great gravity for the alliance of free peoples," says the statement. "The German government, relieved of all pressure on the eastern front by the collapse of the Russian armies and people, has concentrated all its effort in the west. It is now seeking to gain a decision in Europe by a series of desperate and costly assaults upon the allied armies before the United States can bring its full strength effectively to bear.

"The advantage it possesses in its strategic position and superior railway facilities has enabled the enemy command to gain some initial success. It will undoubtedly renew its attacks, and the allied nations may be still exposed to critical days.

"After a review of the whole position, the supreme war council is convinced that the allies, bearing the trials of the forthcoming campaign with the same fortitude as they have ever exhibited in defence of the right, will baffle the enemy's purpose and in due course bring him to defeat. Everything possible is being done to sustain and support the armies in the field. The arrangements for unity of command have greatly improved the position of the allied armies and are working smoothly and with success. The supreme war council has complete confidence in General Foch. It regards with pride and admiration the valor of the allied troops.

"Thanks to the prompt and cordial co-operation of the president of the United States, the arrangements which were set on foot more than two months ago for the transportation and brigading of American troops will make it impossible for the enemy to gain victory by wearing out the allied reserve before he has exhausted his own.

"The supreme war council is confident of the ultimate result, and the allied peoples are resolute not to sacrifice a single one of the free nations of the world to the despotism of Berlin. Their armies are displaying the same steadfast courage which has enabled them on many

previous occasions to defeat a German onset. They have only to endure with faith and patience to the end to make victory for freedom secure.

"The free peoples and their magnificent soldiers will save civilization."

Studying Canadian Lumbering Methods

Prominent Official of India Assigned
to Investigate Methods in
America

F. S. Leete, a prominent official in the forestry service of India, who has been assigned by the Indian government to investigate logging methods in America, has arrived in Vancouver and will visit scenes of logging operations in British Columbia before proceeding to the United States. Mr. Leete has been 26 years in the department of woods and forests of the Indian government, and has spent his whole time in the forests of India and Burma. His official position is that of "conservator of forests," a position similar to that of chief forester in the Canadian forestry service.

Forest areas amounting to approximately 250,000 square miles of timber cover about one-fifth of India, which is about one-third the size of the United States, he said. Every type of timber to be found on the American continent is included in Indian forests, but in India hardwood was the principal timber, while in America soft woods predominated largely. India was not trying to develop outside markets, but was merely concerned with supplying the needs of her own markets for lumber.

One of the objects of Mr. Leete's visit is to study the methods of handling logs, there being a proposal in India to displace elephants and adopt mechanical power.

The German Way

Ruse of a Burgomaster to Confiscate
Finery of German Girls

Promised a dance, all the girls of Ihringshausen were up bright and early the other Sunday, dressing themselves in their best and producing from sundry cunning hidden places fine raiment of all descriptions. The girls, all smiles and dainty lace and silk, trooped to the hall, where for two hours they vainly awaited partners and musicians. At length the burgomaster arrived and having closed the doors behind him, mustered the festively garbed girls, each of whom was ordered to sign her name on a sheet of official paper. The burgomaster then announced that the dance would not take place. Sadly disappointed, the fair ones departed, and the following day the burgomaster sent a number of policemen on a visit to the houses of all the would-be dancers, and despite their tearful protestations, the whole of their finery was seized, and confiscated. The invitation to the dance had been merely an official ruse to secure the forbidden garments.

Zeebrugge Harbor Practically Closed

Large Dredger Has Been Identified
Inside the Breakwater

The plight of the Germans at the Belgian submarine base of Zeebrugge in consequence of the measures taken by the British navy to blockade the port is even more serious than has been believed heretofore. Photographs taken from airplanes show that the entrance of the harbor is rapidly silting up and that, accordingly, the British effort to close the channel is being reinforced by nature.

The sunken vessel inside the breakwater which was at first believed to be an enemy destroyer now appears to be a large dredge. The loss of this ship evidently has crippled the Germans in their attempts to clear the channel.

Idols as Kindling Wood

One could hardly imagine a more revolutionary proceeding in the life of a home than to chop up the household gods and build fires with them. Yet this is what is happening in many places today under the influence of Christian teaching. Some time ago a progressive citizen of a town in Central China told his neighbors that it was absurd to worship the idols in the Buddhist temple. After a number of other were convinced that he was right, they took community action and transformed the temple into a workshop and the idols into stove wood. Even an American missionary took part in the feast in which the meat was cooked over burning idols.

Gathering Up the Scraps of War

Often Enough Work Has to Be
Carried on Under a Terrific
Bombardment

Upon the terrible fields of war, there is nothing, aside from the waste of human life, that produces a more painful impression on the occasional person who is allowed to wander over a battlefield just after an attack than the great quantities of material that lie scattered about with seemingly reckless profusion.

All this material was made through long hours of sweat and labor and toil to be used in saving the country, and here it all is lying in great quantities unused about a dead battlefield, having unfulfilled its purpose and having served no end.

But it is not now all lost, as it was up to a few months ago. Hardly have the troops passed forward in an attack than a second army, usually of aged territorials, follows it on to the battlefield and begins the cleaning up process.

Sometimes their companions call them the "rag pickers of the army" and sometimes the "divers for spoils," but in the present official organization of the armies they rank as a very important corps.

Their work too is often dangerous as that of the troops who dash to the assault, as not only have they to handle abandoned explosives of the most perilous kind to touch, but often enough their work has to be carried on under a terrific bombardment.

But they do it as heroically, as stoically and as methodically as do their brother territorials who carry the hot soup up to the fighting line through a barrage of machine gun fire, shrapnel and high explosives.

First there are the unused shells which the batteries and trench mortars had to abandon as they dashed forward. Sometimes they lie in piles of half a dozen or more and sometimes scattered singly about.

But every one is exceedingly valuable for the metal of which it is made, for the high explosives it contains, for the skill and genius that has gone into the construction of its highly perfected fuse and mechanism. Less delicately made trench bombs and aerial torpedoes are likewise gathered up.

Most dangerous are the unexploded German shells which lie scattered about. They may explode at the first human touch, but nevertheless they must be gathered up both for the removal of such a menace and for the value of the material they contain.

Then come the hand grenades. These may have been abandoned, or dropped by the "poilu" as he dashed forward to the assault. Or again they may be unexploded ones, either allied or German, which may still go off at the first touch. But they must be gathered up.

In another pile are heaped up the steel helmets gathered from the field. They again may have fallen from the head of a soldier in the heat of a charge or may have fallen to the ground as the wearer himself fell pierced with a bullet.

Even when the helmets themselves are riddled with bullets and shell splintered the steel they contain is still too valuable to leave behind.

On every battlefield hundreds of thousands of rifle cartridges, both exploded and unexploded, lie scattered about. These must be gathered up one at a time, often under a heavy artillery fire.

Then there are the bayonets or rifles that the soldier may have been forced to abandon or that fell from his nerveless hands as his life ebbed away. But no matter how they came to be there they must be saved.

After this come the knapsacks, the canteens, the straps, the old shoes, the caps, the coats, the overcoats, the thousand and one different things that lie in the trail of thousands of men who have dashed forward in a welter where no attention can be paid to anything except to attain the object assigned and still live if possible.

Charlie Chaplin in Heaven

Billy—Do actors and actresses go to heaven, pap?

Father—Yes, Billy; some do.

Billy—Do movie actors go as well, pap?

Father—Oh, yes; quite a lot—that is if they are good.

Billy—Oh! If Charlie Chaplin's good, won't God laugh when he walks in!

Unlicensed Eating Houses Illegal

On and after Saturday, June 1st, it becomes illegal for restaurant keepers to remain in business unless they have a license from the Canada food board. This applies also to boarding houses, serving twenty-four meals per day to outsiders, other than the household or members of the family.

SMOKE - TUCKETTS ORINOCO

CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES - CUT COARSE FOR PIPE



HEAVY SACRIFICES MADE FOR A GREAT PURPOSE AND HIGH IDEAL

HAMMER BLOWS THAT STRENGTHEN GOOD METAL

Premier Lloyd George Points Out That If, For Any Cause, the
Allies Fail To Succeed, This Will Be a Sorry World To Live
In, Under Domination Of the Hun

Premier David Lloyd George, in replying to a toast to the success of the entente allied arms at the dinner of the Printers' Society of London, said that Britishers have made unsurpassed sacrifices for a great purpose and a high ideal.

One of the most encouraging things, the premier continued, was the "superb valor and the trained skill with which the Americans have taken their part in the struggle and defeated the foe. It is a most encouraging thing, because there has been a great flow of these troops and we were depending on them."

"If, for any cause the allies fail to succeed, it will be a sorry world to live in," Mr. Lloyd George said.

"It is impossible to exaggerate the importance or the significance of the issue with which we are confronted today," he declared. "The fate of the world, the destinies of men and the lives of generations would be fashioned by the failure or triumph of our cause."

"If the Prussians should succeed today, they would fling back civilization into the dark dungeons of the past. We are paying a big price, a sad price, for victory, but the sum total of human wretchedness which has been paid will not equal in value that which we are defending. We are passing through anxious days and the crisis is not yet passed, but with stout hearts, we shall win through and then woe to the plague. In the interest of civilization, in the interest of the human race, it must be stamped out. You cannot allow it to come again to darken the lives of millions and desolate millions of homes."

In his reference to the Americans, the premier said:

"I have just returned from France where I met a French statesman, who had been at the battlefield soon after an engagement where the Americans fought. He was full of admiration, not merely for their superb valor, but for the trained skill with which they attacked and defeated the foe."

"His report of the conduct of the American troops, a division which had been in action for the first time, was one of the most encouraging things that I have heard. We know that whenever they appear in the battle line, they will fight in a way worthy of the great traditions of their great country. This is in itself a source of support, sustenance, and encouragement to all those, who with anxious hearts are watching the conflict going on in France."

In conclusion Premier Lloyd George said:

"We have faced a great crisis. We have heard von Ludendorff's threat of hammer blows. Hammer blows would crush poor metal, but they harden and consolidate good metal. There is good metal in British hearts and it has stood the test of centuries. It will stand this, so will that gallant people across the channel, who are fighting for the honor of their native land."

"I never saw a sign of wavering in any French face. They are full of courage and determination, and it is a United France more than ever."

"Unity and resolution are two qualities we need. We have sunk our political difference. We have bigger things to think about. These differences will come again, but for the moment we have one purpose."

"Let us be one people, one in aim, one in courage and the resolve never to give in. Let Britain stand like a great breakwater against this current, and God willing, we will break its force."

Long Range Guns

Shown to U. S. General Early in
1914 by Bertha Krupp When
Visiting Essen

The Daily Chronicle's Paris correspondent says that the long range cannon with which the Germans are bombarding Paris, were invented several years ago. A model was shown to an American general early in 1914, by Frau Bertha Krupp von Bohlen undelbach (principal owner of the Krupp works, Hersel). "The gun," says the report, "was shown to the American when he visited Essen on an official mission. He had been taken all through the vast Krupp works escorted by a swarm of technical experts and was about to retire when Frau Bertha dismissed all the party except two confidential members of the firm, and with the latter conducted the general to a secret room."

"Here the visitor's attention was attracted by two immense cannon with extremely long tubes and of relatively small diameter. Frau Bertha said in excellent English, 'These are the guns you ought to order for the Panama Canal defence.' They carry ninety miles, are guaranteed and cost \$240,000 each. Of course, these are only trial guns and they cannot fire more than 20 to 25 shells without being repaired. But you can appreciate the intangible results which will be obtained by the nation that first employs such guns."

Were on the Road

A priest in a West Tipperary village sent a pair of boots to the cobbler for repairs, but Bill, who had been imbibing rather freely, felt no inclination for work, so the boots were not touched that day. Next morning his nerves were rather shaky and he longed for a hair of the dog that bit him. His boots were rather dirty, so he thought there was no harm in putting on the priest's, which he accordingly did, and turned off into the village pub. for a big "reviver." He had not gone very far when whom did he meet but the priest, who said: "I sent my boots for repairs, William; are you not finished with them, yet?" "No, your reverence," answered Bill calmly, "they're not mended yet, but they're on the road."

A Fight for Life

It has been fight or die for many of us in the past and the lucky people are those who have suffered, but who are now well because they heeded nature's warning signal in time to correct their trouble with that wonderful new discovery of Dr. Pierce's, called "An-uric." You should promptly heed these warnings, some of which are dizzy spells, backache, irregularity of the urine or the painful twinges of rheumatism, sciatica or lumbago. To delay may make possible the dangerous forms of kidney disease, such as diabetes or stone in bladder.

To overcome these distressing conditions take plenty of exercise in the open air, avoid a heavy meat diet, drink freely of water and at each meal take Anuric (double strength). You will, in a short time, find that you are one of the firm indorsers of Anuric.

Hamilton, Ont.—"For kidney ailments I have never known any medicine to equal Anuric. When I started to take it I was very miserable with lame back, pains in the cords of my neck and shoulders and all over my body. The water was high colored and offensive. All of these conditions left me

after one week's use of Anuric and I consider it to be the greatest of all kidney medicines."—MRS. JENNIE CLARK, 79 Queen St. So.

Toronto, Ont.—"My husband suffered severely with pains in his back for three or four weeks. He commenced to take Anuric and in three or four days he not only looked better, but remarked that his back felt much better, and now he says that his pain has all gone. It is with pleasure that we recommend Anuric."—MRS. MARY RYAN, 54 Beaton St.

SMOKE TUCKETTS
T&B PLUG



Ingiam's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder.

The daintiness of a complexion always free from oiliness and shininess is the desire of every woman. Best of all powders is Ingiam's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder. It keeps the skin smooth and attractive, hides minor blemishes, the little wrinkles, and blends so marvelously with the complexion that it is scarcely visible. It adheres even to the skin be warm and moist, and it has a refined and gentle fragrance.

For the sake of youthful charm use Ingiam's Milkweed Cream. Its daily use enables you to retain the charm and color of girlhood. It is curative and beautiful for the skin tissues. Your druggist has a complete line of Ingiam's toilet products including Zedoc, for the teeth.

Milkweed Cream . . . 50c and \$1.00
Velveola Souveraine Face Powder 50c
Rouge (3 shades) . . . 50c
Zedoc . . . 25c
Milkweed Cream Soap . . . 25c
Borated Talcum . . . 25c
Complexion Tablets . . . 25c

FRED'K F. INGRAM CO.
WINDSOR, CAN.

Helps a Weak Throat Strengthens the Voice Cures Bronchitis

By Breathing the Healing Balsams of
Catarrhzone You are Cured
Without Using Drugs

You breathe through the Catarrhzone inhaler medicated air that is full of healing, soothing balsams, full of piney antiseptic essences that resemble the air of the pine woods in the Adirondacks. This piney vapor has a truly marvelous action on weak throats. It brings strength and health to the bronchitic, stops that hacking, irritating cough, prevents hoarseness and difficult breathing. You can't find anything for weak-throated people on earth more beneficial than Catarrhzone. It means heaven on earth to the man that has had bronchitis, catarrh, or throat irritation. You will realize this the first time you use Catarrhzone, which is a scientific preparation specially designed for diseases of the nose, throat and bronchial tubes. Get the large size, it lasts two months, costs \$1.00; medium size 50c; sample size, 25c. All storekeepers and druggists or the Catarrhzone Co., Kingston, Canada.

Carmen's Messenger

— BY —
HAROLD BINDLOSS

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

Foster now regretted that he had helped the poachers, although he thought he had made friends who would not betray him and might be useful. He had met Border Scots in Ontario, and knew something about their character. They were marked by a stern independence they had inherited from the moss-trooper ancestors and he thought Pete was a typical specimen of the virile race. The man met him at the broken dyke, and leaving the road they turned east up the side of a sparkling burn.

The narrow strip of level ground was wet and covered with moss in which their feet sank, but the hillside was too steep to walk along. It ran up, a slope of grey-white grass, to the ragged summit where the peat was gashed and torn. Here and there a stunted horn tree grew in a hollow, but the glen was savagely desolate, and Foster, glancing at his companion, thought he understood why the men who wrung a living from these barren hills prospered when they came out to the rich wheat soil of Canada. The flowers of the Forest, who fell at Flodden, locking fast the Scottish square against the onslaught of England's finest cavalry, were bred in these wilds, and had left descendants marked by their dour stubbornness. Pete's hair was turning grey and his brown face was deeply lined, but he crossed the quaking moss with a young lad's stride, and Foster thought his mouth could set hard as granite in spite of his twinkling smile. He was a man who would forget neither a favor nor an injury, and Foster was glad to feel that he was on his side.

At the head of the glen they climbed a long grassy slope and came to a tableland where the peat was torn into great black rifts and piled in hummocks. This was apparently Nature's work, but Foster could not see how the storms that burst upon the hills could have worked such havoc. Crossing the rugged waste to a distant cairn, they sat down upon the stones, and Pete filled his pipe from Foster's pouch.

"Ye'll hand cast until ye find a burn that will lead ye down to the road; then as ye cross the breast o' a fell ye'll see the reek o' Hawick," he said and added after a pause: "Maybe ye'll no' be stopping in the town?"

"I'll stay the night. After that, I think I'll take the hills again. I'm going south towards Liddesdale, but I expect that's out of your beat."

Pete smiled. "There's naist to be done in my regular line this side o' Hawick. Buccleugh looks after his hares and paltrigs weel, and his marches rin wide across the country from Teviot to Liddel. But I hae freends a' the way to the North Tyne, and there's no' many sheep

sales I do not attend. If ye're wanting it, I could give ye a few directions that might help ye on the road."

Foster thanked him and listened carefully. It looked as if the poachers, who seemed to work now and then as honest drovers, knew each other well and combined for mutual protection. It might be useful to be made an honorary member of the gang.

"Weel," his companion concluded, "if ye stop at the inn I've told ye o', ye'll find folks who can hand a quiet tongue, and if ye see any reason for it, ye can say ye're a freend o' mine."

Foster rather diffidently offered him some money, but was not surprised when the man refused the gift. Indeed, he felt that it would have jarred him had Pete taken it. The latter gave him his hand with a smile and turned back to the glen while Foster pushed on across the heath. He reflected with some amusement that Pete probably thought him a fugitive from the law.

After a time he stopped to look about. His view commanded a horizon of two or three miles, for he seemed to be near the centre of the tableland. Its surface was broken by the hummocks and hollows of the peat, and tufts of white wild cotton relieved the blackness of the gashes in the soil. Sheep fed in the distance, and he heard the harsh cry of a grouse that skimmed the heath. The skyline was clear and by and by two sharp but distant figures cut against it.

Foster's first impulse was to drop into the ling, but he did not. If the men were following him, it would take them half an hour to reach the spot he occupied and, if necessary, the roughness of the ground would enable him to reach the edge of the moor without their seeing which way he went. Besides, since he would be visible as long as he stood up, he could find out whether they were looking for him or not. They came nearer and then vanished, and he sat down and speculated about his line of retreat. Their disappearance was suspicious, and although he thought he could baffle the rural police, it would be different if he had gamekeepers to deal with.

By and by the men reappeared, but as they did not seem anxious to cover their movements he felt relieved. It was possible that they had come to mend a fence or look for some sheep. For all that, he drew back among the hummocks, and looked for hollows where he would have a background for his figure as he resumed his march. He saw no more of the men and by and by came to a burn, which he followed to lower ground, where he found the road Pete had told him about.

It led him up and down hill, and now and then the track was faint, while when he crossed the last ridge the light was fading. Motionless grey clouds stretched across the sky, which glimmered with pale saffron in the west. Rounded hills, stained a deep blue, cut against the light, and a trail of gauzy vapor hung about a distant hollow. Since there was no mist on the moors, he knew it was the smoke of Hawick mills.

As he went down, stone dykes began to straggle up the hill. The fields they enclosed were rusky and dotted with whinns, but they got smoother and presently he came to stubble and belts of plowing. Then he turned into a good road and saw rows of lights that got gradually brighter in the valley ahead. It had been dark some time when he entered Hawick, and the damp air was filled with a thin, smoky haze. Factory windows glimmered in the haze and tall chimneys loomed above the houses. The bustle of the town fell pleasantly but strangely on his ears after the silence of the moors.

Reaching a hotel that looked comfortable, he went in, ordered dinner, and provisionally booked a room, though he did not register and explained that he could not tell yet if he would stay all night. Then, leaving his knapsack, he went into the street and stopped by a bridge where three roads met. A guide post indicated that one led to Selkirk, and the map had shown Foster that this was the way to Peebles and Yarrow. Another ran up the waterside to Langholm and the south.

Foster lit a cigarette and drawing his gloved hand into the sleeve of his mackintosh, leaned against the side of the bridge and watched the Selkirk road. It was not cold and the street was well lighted by the windows of the shops. Briskly moving people streamed across the bridge, as if the factory hands were going home from work, but nobody seemed interested in Foster and the policeman who stood by the guidepost paid him no attention. He thought about going back to the hotel when a car, travelling rather fast, came down the road and pulled up close by.

Foster leaned quietly against the bridge and did not turn his head, but saw Daly sitting beside the driver; the half-dried mud that was thickly crusted about the car indicated a long journey. An abrupt movement might be dangerous, although he did not think Daly expected to find him or Featherstone calmly lounging about the street. The latter beckoned the policeman and Foster heard him ask if one crossed the bridge for Langholm.

(To Be Continued.)

Amber is found colored black, white, brown and green, as well as yellow.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Statement of Liabilities and Assets at
30th April, 1918.

| LIABILITIES | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. To the Shareholders | |
| Capital Stock paid in..... | \$ 7,000,000.00 |
| Rest or Reserve Fund..... | 7,000,000.00 |
| Dividends declared and unpaid..... | 176,900.00 |
| Balance of Profits as per Profit and Loss Account submitted herewith..... | 437,973.92 |
| | \$14,614,873.92 |
| 2. To the Public | |
| Notes of the Bank in Circulation..... | 12,327,168.00 |
| Deposits not bearing interest..... | 34,886,747.83 |
| Deposits bearing interest (including interest accrued to date of statement)..... | 75,946,985.48 |
| Balances due to other Banks in Canada..... | 1,400,911.75 |
| Balances due to Banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom and foreign countries..... | 1,161,976.79 |
| Bills payable..... | 598,851.20 |
| Acceptances under letters of credit..... | |
| Liabilities not included in the foregoing..... | \$14,937,544.97 |
| ASSETS | |
| Current Coin..... | \$ 4,800,001.36 |
| Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves..... | 6,000,000.00 |
| Dominion Notes..... | 5,912,692.50 |
| Notes of other Banks..... | 803,076.00 |
| Cheques on other Banks..... | 5,311,786.12 |
| Balances due by other Banks in Canada..... | 4,704.37 |
| Balances due by Banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom..... | 82,580.53 |
| Balances due by Banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom..... | 1,357,843.03 |
| Dominion and Provincial Government securities, not exceeding market value..... | 5,435,464.06 |
| Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value..... | 4,000,204.79 |
| Canadian Municipal securities, and British, Foreign and Colonial public securities other than Canadian..... | 11,589,065.54 |
| Call Loans in Canada on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks..... | 5,223,053.88 |
| Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada..... | 3,906,648.93 |
| | \$57,067,481.62 |
| Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less Rebate of Interest)..... | 70,194,016.15 |
| Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less Rebate of Interest)..... | 339,987.20 |
| Liabilities of customers under letters of credits per contra..... | 598,851.20 |
| Real Estate other than bank premises..... | 312,928.11 |
| Overdue debts, estimated loss provided for..... | 272,223.60 |
| Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off..... | 4,880,458.98 |
| Deposit with the Minister for the purposes of the Circulation Fund..... | 355,000.00 |
| Other Assets not included in the foregoing..... | 310,615.02 |
| | \$140,937,544.97 |

K. W. BLACKWELL,
Vice-President.

E. F. HEDDEN,
Managing Director.

D. C. MACAROW,
General Manager.

Report of the Auditors to the Shareholders of The Merchants Bank of Canada

In accordance with the provisions of sub-sections 19 and 20 of Section 56 of the Bank Act, we report to the Shareholders as follows:

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books of Account and other records at the Chief Office of the Bank and with the signed returns from the Branches and Agencies and have checked the cash and verified the securities of the Bank at the Chief Office against the entries in regard thereto in the books of the Bank at 30th April, 1918, and at a different time during the year and found them to agree with such entries. We also attended at some of the Branches during the year and checked the cash and verified the securities held at the dates of our attendances and found them to agree with the entries in regard thereto in the books of the Bank.

We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. In our opinion the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers of the Bank, and the above balance sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the Bank.

VIVIAN HARCOURT, } Auditors.
GORDON TANSLEY, }

(of the firm of Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths & Co.)

MONTREAL, 2nd May, 1918.

Sufficient Sugar for Canning

Housekeepers who are anxious about their preserves for next winter may take comfort. The food board announces that there will be sufficient sugar in the country for the preserving and canning season and that the maximum fruit and vegetable crops that can be produced in this country will be taken care of, so far as the sugar supply is concerned. To make sure of this, however, strict conservation will be necessary in the meantime.

Increased Garden Acreage

Mr. F. Abraham, honorary chairman of the vacant lot and home garden section of the Canada food board, estimates an increased garden acreage of at least 200% over that of last year. Great efforts will have to be made to can, dry and store the surplus crop.

Great Britain's Part

Immense Efforts Put Out in Many Directions

The many-sidedness of Great Britain's contribution to the war might well be kept more than it is before the eyes of the world. How many people, for instance, realize that Great Britain is clothing American troops in France, and providing nearly all their armament except artillery?

How many people realize that down to January 12, 1917, Great Britain had advanced not less than £1,186,000,000 to her allies; that £175,000,000 to her dominions; that she transports a daily average of over 7,000 personnel, and more than 30,000 tons of military supplies to France; that to the end of August, 1917, her navy and mercantile marine

had transported and protected across the sea some 13,000,000 of personnel with the loss of only 3,500 all together?

The scale of the navy's work in particular is far too little appreciated. Its burdens extend much beyond the 420,000 who now man our ships. For instance, the royal dockyards since the beginning of the war have repaired 31,470 war vessels, exclusive of the great amount of repair work done on allied ships.

These branches of British war effort represent a strain for which there is practically no German equivalent, and are too often left out of account in comparing the other branches of activity, which affect Great Britain and Germany alike such as the provision of man-power for the army, the supply of munitions or the manufacture of aircraft.—From the London Daily Chronicle

Wrap Soldiers' Parcels in PARA-SANI

Heavy, waxed paper in Household Rolls with handsome oak Roller-Box. Every article for overseas should be carefully wrapped in Para-Sani to insure delivery in good condition.

Put an extra wrapping of Para-Sani around the package before putting it in the final covering. Eats and smokes will arrive as fresh as when shipped, if wrapped in Para-Sani.

Use Para-Sani at home for keeping food fresh

Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste.

| | |
|--|--------|
| Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price or C.O.D. | |
| 4 lb. Roll with Roller Box .. | \$2.00 |
| 3 " " " " " " " " " " " " | 1.70 |
| 4 " " without Box | 1.40 |
| 3 " " " " " " " " " " " " | 1.10 |
| 2 " " " " " " " " " " " " | .80 |

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relieved by Murine. Try it in
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KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

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SHOE POLISHES

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KINGSTON ONTARIO

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19 GEO. Y. CHOWN, Registrar

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the

Otto Higel Piano Action

Civilian Soldiers

New Members Adapting Themselves to Army Discipline

The difficulties experienced by new members of the British armies, especially the privates, in adapting themselves to army discipline, will one day, surely open up a field for a delightful collection of stories.

The tale of the irate British trade unionist who threatened "to strike" when certain supposed rights were infringed is well known, as is that of the new recruit who, meeting an officer and failing to salute him, gave as an excuse that, as the officer had severely reprimanded him the day before, he understood they were not "on speaking terms."

One of the latest concerns an Australian officer, a new arrival. "Don't you know," said he to an off-fending private, "you oughtn't to wear your hat here?" "No," said the private, "nobody told me that."

"You came over with one of the late drafts, I suppose," said the officer. "Oh, no," drawled the other, as a matter of course, indulging a nice irony, as he eyed the terribly new uniform of the subaltern. "I didn't wait for one of the late drafts, I came along with the first push."

After a Cup of POSTUM

there's no uncomfortable reaction, but rather a refreshing feeling of health and satisfaction.

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Development of the West

Pronounced Progress in Permanent Farming in Areas Served by the C. N. R.

A remarkable increase during 1917 in handlings of live stock and of butter, cheese, eggs, dressed meat, and dressed poultry, over its lines in Western Canada is indicated in a statement compiled by the freight department of the Canadian Northern Railway. Any great increase in tonnage in these commodities, of course, could not be accomplished without pronounced progress in permanent farming in areas served by the C. N. R. in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. It is significant that the prairie provinces are becoming exporters of dairy products, where in recent years they were importers on a considerable scale.

During 1917, 11,363 cars of live stock were handled over the lines of the Canadian Northern Railway system as compared with 7,245 during 1916. This is an increase of 4,118 cars or 57 per cent.

Of cattle in 1917, there were handled 5,421 cars as compared with 2,900 in 1916. Of hogs 2,274 cars, as compared with 1,768 in 1916. Of sheep 261 cars in 1917 as against 76 in 1916; and mixed stock 3,407 in 1917 as compared with 2,501 in 1916. The percentage of increase in cattle was 87 per cent; of sheep, 243 per cent; hogs, 29 per cent; and mixed 36 per cent.

During 1917 the produce shipped from stations on the Canadian Northern western lines reached a total of 24,618,000 pounds as compared with 21,436,000 pounds in 1916, an increase of 3,182,000 pounds or 15 per cent. The butter shipped amounted to 8,146,000 pounds as compared with 6,826,000 pounds in 1916, an increase of 1,320,000 pounds. The cheese shipped totalled 1,072,000 pounds as compared with 780,000 in 1916, an increase of 292,000 pounds. Eggs, in 1917, amounted to 5,980,000 pounds as compared with 5,682,000 in 1916, an increase of 298,000 pounds. Dressed meats handled over the lines amounted to 9,108,000 pounds in 1917, as against 7,866,000, an increase of 1,242,000. Dressed poultry shipment totalled 312,000 pounds during 1917 as compared with 282,000 in 1916. The percentage of increase for butter handled was 19 per cent; cheese 37 per cent; eggs 5 per cent; dressed meat 16 per cent, and dressed poultry 11 per cent.

Clean Stomach, Clear Mind.—The stomach is the workshop of the vital functions and when it gets out of order the whole system clogs in sympathy. The spirits flag, the mind droops and work becomes impossible. The first care should be to restore healthful action of the stomach and the best preparation for that purpose is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. General use for years won them a leading place in medicine. A trial will attest their value.

A Gentleman Unafraid

The "poilu" is one-third heroism, one-third sense of duty, and one-third modesty. A stretcher-bearer blew up a bridge himself and delayed the German advance. The general decided to award him the Military Medal. "Summon the man at once, and I will decorate him here," said the general. Orderlies went to look for the stretcher-bearer but no trace of him could be found. Nobody even knew his name. He was merely a French soldier!—Westminster Gazette.

PAIN? NOT A BIT! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called freezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store. Just ask for freezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.

Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezone or afterwards.

This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosen and come right out. It is no humbug! It works like a charm. For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or inflames. If your druggist hasn't any freezone yet, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house.



YOU say you have no time to talk insurance. What will your widow say? Write for pamphlet to-day.

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.
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(Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts)

Sure Death to Potato Bugs And Cut-Worms

USE "ACCO-SPRAY" (Powder)

Destroys the Potato Bugs, Flea Beetle, Coddling Moth, etc. "Acco Spray" powder is the greatest insecticide known—costs but half the price of paris green and equally as effective—easy to mix—easy to use. Get your supply now. Sold in 1/4 lb. and 1 lb. containers. Avoid Substitutes

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Sole Agent: HAROLD F. RITCHIE CO., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Dandelions as Food

Cornell University has published a card "Dandelions as Food," which explains how some benefit may be obtained from this yellow flowering plant which prevents the lawns from being beautiful. It is known that iron is necessary to maintain the body in perfect health, and that fresh vegetables and especially greens or spinach supply a large proportion. Dandelion greens are valuable in this respect also and may be used to supplement the staple foods and give variety to the menu.

I bought a horse with a supposedly incurable ringbone for \$30.00. Cured him with \$1.00 worth of MINARD'S LINIMENT and sold him for \$85.00. Profit on Liniment, \$54.

MOISE DEROSCE.

Hotel Keeper, St. Philippe, Que.

A spy of the enemy caught within the lines is shot. What punishment should, or would likely, be meted out to such a spy if he walked up to a hospital and deliberately blew up the building and its inmates? Why, indeed, should a spy be any less a spy when he drops from the clouds than when he crawls along the ground?—Philadelphia Record.

MAKES A CORN SHRIVEL SO IT LIFTS OUT

Just a drop or two of Putnam's Extractor on a crusty sore corn is all you need to take away the pain. Simply wonderful how Putnam's peels off a troublesome old offender. No half-way measures either. Putnam's is a real sure cure remedy; costs but a quarter in any drug store. Get a bottle today.

Rode to Death Laughing

Joked With Correspondents While the German Shells Were Bursting

Major Andrew Rasmussen of Portland, Ore., who was killed recently when leading a reconnoitering party on the western front in Picardy, was the idol of his men because of his utter fearlessness.

The Major was detailed by the British last October to assist in training Americans in bayonet fighting. In January he was transferred to the U. S. army with a Major's commission. He was immediately put in command of a battalion and went into action on the front northwest of Toul, where he suffered slightly in a gas attack.

On the night that his battalion was moved from its billets into the line on the Picardy front Major Rasmussen joked with several correspondents while the German shells were bursting in the village a few kilometres in the rear. He told them they might have his uniform, helmet and other things in case he was killed. Then he rode laughing toward the trenches.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

Guest—How much did you ever get out of your car?
Owner—Well, I think seven times in one mile is my record.—Milestones.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

The tomato plant was introduced into Europe from South America early in the sixteenth century.

Minimize The Fire Peril By Using

EDDY'S

Chemically Self-Extinguishing

"Silent 500s"

The Matches With "No Afterglow"

EDDY is the only Canadian maker of these matches, every stick of which has been treated with a chemical solution which positively ensures the match becoming dead wood once it has been lighted and blown out.

Look for the words "Chemically self-extinguishing" on the box.

Wood's Phospholine

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old veins, Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Fory, Dropsy, Stomach, Loss of Energy, Fatigue of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOODS MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Jamaica Water.)

SMOKE TUCKETTS T & B CUT

Thoughtful to the Last
"Just before poor old Bangs died he made his wife promise she would not marry again."
"Poor old chap! He was always thoughtful of his fellow-men."—Passing Show.

Simple and Sure.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the instructions. Used as a liniment the only direction is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and unmistakable that they are easily understood by young or old.

The United States war authorities have issued permission to churches to make use of the naval service church flag, for internal decorations or to fly from a staff. It is a blue cross on a white ground.



BOB LONG

UNION MADE OVERALLS SHIRTS & GLOVES

Known from Coast to Coast

R. G. LONG & CO. LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT IDEA

when you always deliver your
Cream, Milk, Eggs, Poultry, Etc.
TO THE

Crystal Dairy Ltd.

The place that has always convinced its patrons of its reliability, is established here with thousands of dollars of an investment to always be an asset to this town and to the Dairy Industry of this locality.

We have men in our employ with from 16 to 20 years' experience and who have Diplomas and Provincial License for Cream and Milk Testing and also for manufacturing milk and cream into many finished products.

We appreciate the co-operation that the dairymen are giving us in patronizing us so extensively and in return we always guarantee you courteous and prompt service. As for prices on Cream our patrons realize that we are well equipped and are paying 1c per lb. Butter Fat more for Sweet Cream than any other firm in Alberta. Sour for churning we will pay equal to any.

The milk price owing to condensing has been from 50c to 60c per cwt. higher than elsewhere in the province.

We want your co-operation Dairymen every day the year round to boost and make Didsbury the largest Milk and Cream centre in Alberta.

Phone 86

A. R. KENDRICK, Manager

AT THE

Pallesen Creamery DEPOT

We pay CASH for every shipment of Cream, Butter and Eggs

If you have not had satisfaction before you shall have it now

Let us have a trial shipment

Pallesen Central Creamery
P. PALLESEN, Prop.

JOHN A. MACDONALD, Manager
DIDSBURY - - - ALBERTA

Notice to Farmers!

We have opened a Cream Station at the North end of town.

Highest Market Prices Paid
for CREAM, EGGS and POULTRY
GIVE US A TRIAL

Campbell & Griffin

Our Motto—"Square Dealing"

From now on and during harvest evenings I will be found at home to accommodate farmers who are unable to bring cream in during the day.

J. A. RUBY, Manager.

Didsbury. Alta

"Never Put Off Till Tomorrow What You Can Do Today."

— GET YOUR —

Plough Shears
sharpened NOW

Before the busy season starts

D. M. Sinclair
BLACKSMITH —

RAILWAY ST. - DIDSBURY

AROUND THE TOWN

Mrs. P. R. Reed and children left on Saturday for Gull Lake on a month's holiday.

Mrs. W. Moon and Mrs. Nazarevitch will have charge of the Red Cross lunch on Friday afternoon.

Mr. C. L. Peterson received word last week of the death of his sister, Miss Elora Peterson, at Kitchener, Ont.

Miss Reta Cummings of the Williams & Little Stores left on Sunday for a holiday with her parents at Edmonton.

Mrs. R. A. Kendrick and children returned from their holiday at Gull Lake, where they have a cottage, on Saturday last.

Miss Clara Cummings, assistant postmistress, returned from her holiday at Edmonton and again took up her duties at the P. O. on Monday.

H. B. Atkins, M. L. A., has arranged for a new bridge over Sucker creek near Beaver dam. New piles will be driven and a complete job will be made.

Mrs. Joe Peek announces she will have a Fall Millinery opening sometime the latter part of August with most up-to-date millinery. Opening dates will be announced later.

The use of a label "victory bread" upon bakers' loaves has been made permissive, not compulsory. Police authorities whose duty it is to enforce the food laws have been notified.

A proclamation issued at Ottawa now gives deserters and absentees under the Military Service Act between now and August 24th to report for duty to escape liability to punishment.

Eric Rodnight who was working for W. M. Hodson, of Westcott, first winter of the war and who left for the old country to join up has been killed in action according to word received by Mr. Hodson.

Through an oversight the names of the two young ladies who were to have had charge of the Red Cross lunch last week were omitted from the PIONEER. They were the Misses Anna Mueller and Vera Good.

The dinners are again beginning to take the joy out of life. The postal clerks and mail carriers went back to work last Thursday. The agreement is that the Civil Service Commission shall investigate their grievances at once.

A meeting of those interested in sports and races for the Fair, Sept. 26th and 27th, will be held in J. V. Berscht's store on Monday night next at 8 o'clock. It is to be hoped that there will be a good attendance as this is important.

We still have those handsome and handy little certificate holders for ladies or gentlemen for sale. Don't fail to get one as 25c spent now will perhaps save you considerable trouble through the loss of your certificate. The DIDSBURY PIONEER.

The funeral of Mrs. Wm. Siebert of Siebertville, Alta., who died suddenly last Wednesday, July 31st, was held in Didsbury on Sunday afternoon, a very large number of friends and relatives attending. Mr. W. S. Durrer conducted the funeral for which a motor hearse was used.

In the list of donations to the Westerdale Red Cross garden party published last week the name L. N. Jones of Didsbury and the amount contributed by him was inadvertently left out. Mr. Jones' contribution was \$3.00, which makes the amount of the proceeds of the garden party total \$403.67, this sum being divided equally between Didsbury and Olds branches of the Red Cross Society.

LOANS FOR LIVESTOCK

To good Farmers living in the vicinity of its Rural Branches, THE UNION BANK is prepared to make loans, on reasonable terms, for the purpose of purchasing cattle for feeding or breeding purposes.

Consult the Local Manager for particulars.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Paid up Capital - - - \$5,000,000.00
Total Assets exceed - \$140,000,000.00

The Pioneer Bank of Western Canada.

WT. Cuncannon, Mgr. Didsbury Branch
J. B. Wilson, Manager Carstairs Branch

A. Brusso, town Secretary-Treasurer, was a visitor at Calgary on Thursday last completing arrangements for ten cars of coal for the electric light plant. The town Council decided that the town would save money by buying a good supply and keeping it in storage because of the uncertain conditions existing in the coal business. They were able to make good conditions for financing this deal.

RED CROSS BULLETIN

The Society beg to acknowledge with thanks the following donations:

G. F. Remple..... 50c

MARRIED

VOGEL-FINLAY

A very pretty and quiet wedding was solemnized on Wednesday evening, July 31st, when Miss Sarah Finlay, of Westcott and Mr. Albert H. Vogel, of Carstairs were united in marriage, Rev. L. P. Amacher, of Didsbury, officiating.

The wedding took place at the home of the bride in the presence of the members of the family and a few intimate friends, the house being prettily decorated for the occasion. The bride was beautifully gowned in ivory silk crepe-de-chene, draped with georgette crepe, and wore the bridal veil and orange blossoms and carried a shower bouquet of Ophelia roses. She was attended by Miss Flora McDowell, of Calgary, who wore a dainty white voile dress with pink trimmings, pink georgette hat, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations. The groom was supported by Mr. George Proudfoot, of Iricama. The bride entered the drawing-room assisted by her brother, John S. Finlay, to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march played by her sister, Jennie B. Finlay, who wore a dress of Belgian blue satin.

After the ceremony a sumptuous repast was partaken of, the wedding cake occupying the centre of the table. The happy couple were the recipients of many pretty and useful presents.

Mr. and Mrs. Vogel left for an extended honeymoon to Banff and other mountain points. On their return they will reside on their farm near Carstairs.

Correspondence

Big Prairie P. O.,
July 29th, 1918.

To the DIDSBURY PIONEER,
We beg to stop the advertisement, "lost—ten head range mares," because through same we have found the mares.

If it interests you I may report that we had a very dangerous forest fire straight west of Didsbury about 40 miles, it was about one mile long and went through the timber just roaring. We had all the stock in corrals and were ready to beat it. The snow and rain that time put it out, but some places are smoking now. Some strong advice to hay land seekers, fishers and campers would surely be a great favor from the forest department. Us fellows out here who are usually carrying the consequences of careless people who throw away burning matches, cigarette ends, and neglect to extinguish their camp fires. This is the second big fire out here about two miles from our ranch. Black bears appear to be quite numerous out west as most everybody runs onto one, and one of our calves was attacked by one and a big chunk bitten from its back.

Yours truly,
HAEMER BROS.

W. S. Durrer

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

Moved to residence opposite J. M. Reed's house, Hespeler Street.

Phone 140

DIDSBURY, -o- ALTA



King Hiram Lodge No. 21, A.F. & A.M.
Meets every Tuesday evening on or before full moon. All visiting brethren welcome.

DR. W. G. EVANS, GEO. LIESEMER,
Secretary, W. M.



DIDSBURY LODGE NO. 18, I.O.O.F.
Meets in Oddfellows Hall, Didsbury, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Visiting Oddfellows always welcome.
S. R. WOOD, Sec. J. H. ANDERSON, N.G.

Dr. W. MacL. Duncan, D.D.S.
Dental Surgeon

Graduate Chicago College of Dental Surgery.
Office opposite Roschud Hotel, Osler street.
Business Phone 120

Didsbury - - - Alberta

Earle E. Freeman, L.L.B.
(Successor to W. A. Austin)

Solicitor for
Union Bank of Canada.
Royal Bank of Canada
Western Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Town of Didsbury.

MONEY TO LOAN
Didsbury - - - Alberta

Dr. W. G. Evans, M.D.
Physician, Surgeon

Graduate of Toronto University. Office opposite Roschud hotel, Osler street.
Residence Phone 50 - Office Phone 120
Didsbury, - - - Alberta

J. L. Clarke, M.D., L.M.C.C.
Physician & Surgeon

Graduate University of Manitoba
Late senior house surgeon of St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, N. J.
Office and residence: One block west of Union Bank.

PHONE 128
DIDSBURY, - ALBERTA

DR. A. J. MALMAS
VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College

Obstetrics, Surgery and Animals
Dentistry a specialty
Calls answered day or night.

PHONE 133

Residence King Edward St., DIDSBURY

WESTERDALE METHODIST CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. R. H. Parry

Service every Sunday at 11 a.m.
Sunday School at 12 a.m.

Epworth League at 8 p.m.

Prayer and Praise Service every Wednesday at 2:30 p.m.

A hearty invitation extended to all.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price, \$3 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, and 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.
—1141.